AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (currently amended) A method for controlling a primary current in an ignition coil of an internal combustion engine with controlled ignition, in which the current is established in an inductive primary circuit over a given duration, referred to as the conduction time and determined by calculation and/or as a function of measurements carried out in the primary circuit,

characterized in that the conduction time is calculated according to the following steps:

- predetermining the predetermined conduction time (td_i) ,
- carrying out at least one measurement of the current (Ic $_{i}$) in the primary circuit at an instant (t $_{i}$) lying in the last tenth of the predetermined conduction time (td $_{i}$) but before the end of the predetermined conduction time,
- estimating the current (If $_i$) only at the end of the predetermined conduction time (td $_i$), as a function of the measurement(s) measurement or measurements carried out during said last tenth,

- optionally optimally correcting the conduction time (td $_{i}$) for the ignition cycle during which the last current measurement was carried out, as a function of the previous estimate and the current ($I_{target\ i}$) desired at the end of the conduction time.
- 2. (currently amended) The control method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the predetermined conduction time (td i) is obtained on the basis of tables stored in a management and control device (16) of the ignition coil, as a function of parameters such as in particular the potential difference (V) applied to the terminals of the primary circuit.
- 3. (previously presented) The control method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the estimation of the current (If $_{i}$) at the end of the predetermined conduction time (td $_{i}$) is carried out on the basis of a measurement by linear extrapolation.
- 4. (previously presented) The control method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the estimation of the current (If $_{\rm i}$) at the end of the predetermined conduction time (td $_{\rm i}$) is carried out by linear extrapolation of the measurement carried out, by forming an average with measurements taken previously.

- 5. (original) The control method as claimed in claim 4, characterized in that a moving average of the estimated final current is formed.
- 6. (previously presented) The control method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the correction of the conduction time is carried out linearly as a function of the final current, whether or not it is averaged.
- 7. (previously presented) The control method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the desired final current ($I_{target\ i}$) is determined as a function of the speed (N) of the engine in question.
- 8.(new) The control method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the predetermined conduction time (td i) is obtained on the basis of tables stored in a management and control device (16) of the ignition coil, as a function of the potential difference (V) applied to the terminals of the primary circuit.